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## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

Dockets

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IN REPLY REFER TO: 7330-7/1700A3

RECEIVED

Honorable Patricia Schroeder Member, U.S. House of Representatives 1600 Emerson Street Denver, Colorado 80218

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Congresswoman Schroeder:

This is in response to your letter of June 3, 1993, in which you inquired on

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PATRICIA SCHROEDER
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## Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Mashington, DC 20515

ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE
POST OFFICE AND CIVIL
SERVICE COMMITTEE
JUDICIARY COMMITTEE
SELECT COMMITTEE ON
CHILDREN, YOUTH, AND
FAMILIES

CONGRESSIONAL CAUCUS FOR WOMEN'S ISSUES, CO-CHAIR

Refer reply to:
Barr/jbd

June 3, 1993.

Mr. James Quello Acting Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, Room 802 Washington, DC 20554

RE: Mr. James R. Barr

Dear Mr. Quello:

I am writing you on behalf of the above-named constituent who has written my office. I have enclosed the letter for your convenience.

I would appreciate your investigation of this matter.

Please respond to my Denver District Office, RETURNING THE ENCLOSED CORRESPONDENCE.

With kind regards,

Sincerely

Patricial Schreder Member of Congress

PS:jbd

Encl.

James R. Barr, CLU, ChFC (303) 337-4743

James R. Barr & Associates

Parker Plaza II. Suite III 1602 South Parker Road Denver, CO 80231-2920

May 3, 1993

MAY - 5 1993

Honorable Patricia Schroeder Member of Congress 1600 Emerson Street Denver, CO 80218



Dear Representative Schroeder,

You recently received an appeal from me to review the <u>FCC</u> proposal relative to increasing the utilization in the <u>Radio Control</u> frequency band (72-75 mgh). Thank you for your prompt response and attention to this situation.

Although the hobby-sport of Radio Controlled Models may mean many things to individuals not familiar with our activities, the purpose of this letter is to outline for you what R/C Modeling is in 1993.

My sailplanes have a 12 foot wingspan and involve an investment of \$700 to \$800, not including the 6-8 months of careful hand work to create them. We fly 10 months per year in competitive thermal events, during which time, altitude gains of 1500' to 2000' are common. Usually 25-30 competitors attend these meets. The FCC summary included a question and answer section where it was stated "as secondary users we must understand that we may experience interference from time to time". Interference means Loss of Control, loss of control will mean an uncontrolled descent (crash). The 12' wingspan sailplane becomes an uncontrolled missile posing extreme danger to myself as operator, helpers at the field, or spectators.

Modeling also includes faithful copies of WWII multi-engined bombers with 12' - 15' wingspans, re-enacting WWII bombing sorties complete with pyrotechnics. Again danger to all concerned, especially to the <a href="thousands">thousands</a> of <a href="mailto:spectators">spectators</a> (Byrons Originals, Ida Grove, Iowa).

Race cars depicting NASCAR stock cars in  $\frac{1}{4}$  actual scale are capable of 40-50 mph speeds in simulated events on specially constructed courses <u>including specators</u> (Las Vegas, NV).

Exact 4 scale helicopters perform at full size airshows attended by very large crowds (Front Range Airport, Denver, CO and the new Denver International Airport Grand Opening). ‡ scale pylon racing aircraft duplicate the full size Reno International Air Races as they compete in actual pylon racing (pilots, helpers & scorekeepers wear safety equipment).

Representative Schroeder, these activities take place all over the United States every weekend, providing the participants with much enjoyment, as it is a very fascinating avocation, and perfectly <u>safe</u> as well. <u>BUT NOW</u> the FCC is telling you and I in the future - "we must accept some <u>interference from time to time?"</u> Some <u>loss of control from time to time?</u> Some <u>occasional devastating crashes?</u> Some <u>injuries?</u> Can you imagine a serious injury from a 12' scale model mustang fighter turned suddenly into an un-guided missile with an 18 inch propeller on full blast because of interference?

I sincerely hope you agree with me that we must encourage the FCC to go back to the drawing board and make another attempt at allocating frequencies.

Thanking you in advance for your good help in this most important decision.

Best Regards

James R. Barr, CLU, ChFC

Bubject: Radio Control in the 72-76 MHz band

Question: What is the 72-76 MHz band used for?

Answer: The frequency range between 72-76 MHz is primarily a guard band between TV channels 4 and 5. Specifically, the channels between 72 and 76 MHz are licensed for use by 1) private and common carrier fixed station use at up to 300 watts output power (private and common carrier fixed use occurs on the same channels) and 2) private land mobile use at up to 1 watt output power. The channels between 72 and 76 MHz are also available for unlicensed secondary use by remote control operators of model aircraft, boats and cars at .75 watts output power.

Question: What is the relationship between fixed and mobile land mobile operations and radio control operations?

Answer: Radio control channels are located between fixed and mobile channels. The radio control channels overlap with the fixed and mobile channels. Radio control operations are unlicensed and are secondary to fixed and mobile operations. This means that radio control operations must accept interference from fixed and

